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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/747,676	12/22/2000	Marco Di Benedetto 112025		4639
24267 7	12/15/2003		EXAMINER	
CESARI AND MCKENNA, LLP 88 BLACK FALCON AVENUE			PHAN, RAYMOND NGAN	
BOSTON, MA 02210			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2181	<u> </u>
			DATE MAILED: 12/15/2003	i I

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summer	09/747,676	BENEDETTO ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
TI MANUALO DATE of this communication and	Raymond Phan	2181				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the d	orrespondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period of - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).  Status	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be ting within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 30 S	September 2003 .					
2a) This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ⊠ Th	is action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allows						
closed in accordance with the practice under <b>Disposition of Claims</b>	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 4	153 O.G. 213.				
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-11</u> is/are pending in the application						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw	wn from consideration.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-11</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o Application Papers	r election requirement.					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	r					
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accept		miner.				
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	•					
11) The proposed drawing correction filed on						
If approved, corrected drawings are required in rep	oly to this Office action.					
12)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer.					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120						
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	n priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a	)-(d) or (f).				
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents	s have been received.					
2. Certified copies of the priority documents	s have been received in Applicati	on No				
<ul> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior</li> <li>application from the International Bu</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list</li> </ul>	reau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	-				
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domesti	c priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(	e) (to a provisional application).				
a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language pro	• •					
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	5) Notice of Informal I	/ (PTO-413) Paper No(s) Patent Application (PTO-152)				
S. Palent and Trademark Office						

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#### Part III DETAILED ACTION

## Notice to Applicant(s)

- 1. This action is responsive to the following communications: amendment filed on September 30, 2003.
- 2. This application has been examined. Claims 1-11 are pending.
- 3. The Group and/or Art Unit location of your application in the PTO has changed. To aid in correlating any papers for this application, all further correspondence regarding this application should be directed to Group Art Unit 2111.

### **Specification**

4. The title of the invention is acceptable.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 6. Claims 1-11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over Regan et al. (US No. 6,578,086) in view of Ding et al. (US No. 5,519,231).

In regard to claims 1, 2, 5, Regan et al. disclose a layer 2 switch comprising a plurality of ports, at least one port of the plurality of ports capable of being set to a status of uplink enabled (see col. 5, lines 21-48); first circuit for running a spanning tree protocol (STP) in the layer 2 switch, the STP capable of selecting the

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at least one port as either a designated port or as a root port (see col. 2, lines 4-25); a second circuit for running uplink enable process, the uplink enable process determining whether or not a port set to uplink status has been selected by STP as a designated port (see col. 6, lines 12-59). But Reagan et al. do not specifically disclose the blocking circuits to set at least one port into block state, in response to at least one port being both in uplink state and selected by the STP as a designated port. However Ding et al. disclose the blocking circuits to set at least one port into block state, in response to at least one port being both in uplink state and selected by the STP as a designated port (see col. 10, line 5 through col. 11, line 46). Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of an ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have combined the teachings of Ding et al. into the teachings of Reagan et al. because it would provide the ability to handle misconfigured multi-link trunks by detecting as well as blocking improperly connected links within a multi-link trunk.

In regard to claims 2, 4, Regan et al. disclose a layer 2 switch comprising a plurality of ports, at least one port of the plurality of ports capable of being set to a status of uplink enabled (see col. 5, lines 21-48); first circuit for maintaining the at least one port blocked status and for transitioning the port into forwarding status (see col. 5, line 58 through col. 6, lines 34); a second circuit for running uplink enable process, the uplink enable process determining whether or not a port set to uplink status has been transitioned to forwarding status (see col. 5, line 58 through col. 6, line 45). But Reagan et al. do not specifically disclose the blocking circuits to set at least one port into block state, in response to at least one port being both in uplink state and selected by the STP as a designated port. However Ding et al. disclose the blocking circuits to set at least one port into block state, in response to

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at least one port being both in uplink state and selected by the STP as a designated port (see col. 10, line 5 through col. 11, line 46). Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of an ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have combined the teachings of Ding et al. into the teachings of Reagan et al. because it would provide the ability to handle misconfigured multi-link trunks by detecting as well as blocking improperly connected links within a multi-link trunk.

In regard to claims 6, 7, Regan et al. disclose the programmable logic devices to implement the method (see col. 10, line 62 through col. 11, line 4).

In regard to claims 8, 10, Reagan et al. disclose the claimed subject matter as discussed above rejection except the teaching of the blocking circuit not setting the at least one port into a blocked status if the at least one port is not be selected by STP as a root port. However Ding et al. disclose the blocking circuit not setting the at least one port into a blocked status if the at least one port is not be selected by STP as a root port (see col. 9, line 9 through col. 10, line 32). Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of an ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have combined the teachings of Ding et al. into the teachings of Reagan et al. because it would provide the ability to handle misconfigured multi-link trunks by detecting as well as blocking improperly connected links within a multi-link trunk.

In regard to claims 9, 11, Reagan et al. disclose the claimed subject matter as discussed above rejection except the teaching of the first circuit removing the at least one port from the list of ports examined by STP if the port is in the blocked state and then rerunning STP. However Ding et al. disclose the circuit removing the at least one port from the list of ports examined by STP if the port is in the

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blocked state and then rerunning STP (see col. 9, line 9 through col. 10, line 32). Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of an ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have combined the teachings of Ding et al. into the teachings of Reagan et al. because it would provide the ability to handle misconfigured multi-link trunks by detecting as well as blocking improperly connected links within a multi-link trunk.

#### Response to Amendment

- 7. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-7 have been considered but claims 1-7 are deemed to be moot in view of the new grounds of rejection.
- 8. Applicant's arguments, see pages 7-9, filed September 30, 2003, with respect to the rejection(s) of claim(s) 1-7 under 35 USC § 102 have been fully considered and are persuasive. Therefore, the rejection has been withdrawn. However, upon further consideration, a new ground(s) of rejection is made in view of Ding et al.

#### Conclusion

- 9. All claims are rejected.
- 10. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to examiner Raymond Phan, whose telephone number is (703) 306-2756. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday from 6:30AM- 4:00PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's Primary, Paul Myers can be reached on (703) 305-9656 or via e-mail addressed to paul.myers@uspto.gov. The fax phone number for this Group is (703) 746-7239.

Communications via Internet e-mail regarding this application, other than those under 35 U.S.C. 132 or which otherwise require a signature, may be used by the applicant and should be addressed to [raymond.phan@uspto.gov].

All Internet e-mail communications will be made of record in the application file. PTO employees do not engage in Internet communications where there exists a possibility that sensitive information could be identified or exchanged unless the record includes a properly signed express waiver of the confidentiality requirements of 35 U.S.C. 122. This is more clearly set forth in the Interim Internet

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Usage Policy published in the Official Gazette of the Patent and Trademark on February 25, 1997 at 1195 OG 89.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application should be directed to the Group receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 305-3900.

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**Raymond Phan** 12/11/03